ACTIVE INGREDIENT:  
Sodium chlorate ........................................ 52.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: .................................. 48.0%
TOTAL: .................................................. 100.0%

This product contains 7.5 pounds of Sodium chlorate per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION
See FIRST AID Below

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

[Optional: Recirculate Contents Before Use]

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (Cont.)
Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not re-use them.

See "ENGINEERING CONTROLS" for additional requirements.

Enclosed Cockpits/Cabs: Applicators must use an enclosed cockpit or enclosed cab that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(c)(6)].

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS
Users should: 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsewater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and Restricted Entry Interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: Coveralls, shoes and socks and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

Manufactured By:
Drexel Chemical Company
P.O. BOX 13337, MEMPHIS, TN 38113-0327
SINCE 1972

486SP-0415*
DEFOL 750 Page 1 of 3
APPLICATION
DEFOL 750 may be applied by aircraft or ground equipment. It is essential that the foliage be thoroughly covered. The specified dilution rates should be carefully observed. A non-ionic surfactant such as Surf-Ac® 820 or an emulsifiable oil such as Peptoil™ may enhance the results. This product should not be mixed with insecticides or other organic materials, unless specifically recommended, because a fire or explosion may result.
Precautions should be taken to avoid having spray or spray drift contact adjacent crops or desirable vegetation or they may be defoliated. Equipment should be washed before and after use and care should be taken so that product does not dry in tank or on spray nozzles. Washwater should not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation.
When using this product under dry land conditions, injury may occur to rotational crops.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT
A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Wind Speed
Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph.

Droplet Size
Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE Standard 572).

Temperature Inversions
If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height.
Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Other State and Local Requirements
Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of Sodium chlorate. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment
All application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications
1. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.
2. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
3. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upward.

Additional Requirement for Groundboom Application
Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

DEFOLIATION
Ideally, defoliation is favored on clear, calm, sunny days with high temperatures and high humidity. If rain is anticipated within 24 hours, application should be delayed whenever possible. Defoliation may be slowed when daytime temperatures are below about 60°F and with some crops, especially with vigorous varieties, regrowth can occur. In order to obtain acceptable defoliation results, the crop must be fully mature. In most cases, the signs of maturity include:
1. A slight discoloration of the foliage is apparent, often with a yellowish or reddish tinge.
2. Vegetative growth has slowed or ceased, with little or no secondary growth.
3. A slight downward pull on a leaf gives a clean break from the stalk.
   Adequate fertility, ample soil moisture, good insect control and good weed control also favor defoliation. Plants which have been under stress as from drought or insect pressure give less reliable results because tough, wilted or damaged leaves do not permit the proper uptake of the chemical and tend to inhibit the formation of an abscission layer. Typically, under such circumstances, the leaves are desiccated but do not drop, which in turn, often causes problems with excessive trash during harvesting.
   For crops where there is a heavy canopy of foliage, obtaining thorough coverage is sometimes difficult. Whenever practical, the use of ground equipment should be considered. The higher dilution rates should be used and any other available methods employed which will assure that the plants are completely covered all the way to the bottom leaves. If coverage is incomplete, a second application may be necessary in order to defoliate the lower leaves and to prevent secondary growth.

DESiccation
When the objective is to reduce crop moisture or to desiccate weeds prior to harvest, most of the points discussed under "DEFOILATION" are applicable. Incomplete coverage will give erratic results, especially with vines such as Morningglory where the secondary stems may be sheltered from the spray by the crop canopy, leaving the vines succulent and tough so they will become entangled in the harvesting machinery. Once again, larger spray volume will encourage more complete coverage and more reliable desiccation.

CROPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Rate Per Acre (qts.)</th>
<th>Water (gals.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chili peppers</td>
<td>1.6 to 4</td>
<td>Air: 5 to 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ground: 20 to 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Air: 5 to 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ground: 10 to 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton</td>
<td>1.6 to 3.2</td>
<td>Air: 5 to 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ground: 10 to 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry beans</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Air: 5 to 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ground: 10 to 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flax</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Air: 5 (min.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ground: 10 (min.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grain sorghum</td>
<td>2.4 to 3.2</td>
<td>Air: 5 to 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ground: 10 to 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guar beans</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Air: 5 to 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ground: 10 to 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potatoes</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Air: 5 to 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ground: 10 to 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply 10 days before harvest. To be used on Peppers for processing only. Consult a processor before applying.
| SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply no later than 7 days before harvest.
| SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Thorough coverage is essential. Make application 7 to 10 days before anticipated harvest, longer if temperatures are cool. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated fodder or forage to livestock.
| SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use as a harvest aid to desiccate trashy weeds in early maturing Corn. Apply at least 14 days before anticipated harvest date. Use the low dilution rates when weeds are small and the crop canopy is fairly open. Desiccation of Morningglory and other vines may be erratic. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated fodder or forage to livestock.
| SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use as a harvest aid to desiccate trashy weeds and to reduce moisture in the mature crop. Apply 7 to 10 days before anticipated harvest date. Activity of the spray will be enhanced by addition of a good non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 1 qt. per 100 gals. of spray. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated foliage and fodder for 14 days after application.
| SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To reduce the moisture content of the grain while the crop is standing, apply 7 to 10 days before harvest. Use the lower rates when Grain moisture is low and the weather is clear and dry. Use the higher rate when conditions for desiccation are poor.
| SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use to facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads. Make application 7 to 10 days before anticipated harvest date. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated fodder or forage to livestock.
| SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To defoliate plants and facilitate harvest, apply 10 days before harvest. DO NOT apply under conditions of extreme heat during the middle of the day.

(Continued)
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use to facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads and to desiccate immature Red rice in mature White rice. Use the lower rate when crop conditions and weather are right to enhance rapid drying. Apply 7 to 10 days before anticipated harvest. To avoid drift, do not apply during windy weather. Thorough coverage of the crop is essential to achieve good results. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated straw or crop residues within 14 days of application.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use as a harvest aid to dry weeds in early maturing Soybeans and to facilitate the harvest. Make application 7 to 10 days before anticipated harvest date when Beans are mature and ready for harvest. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use to facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads. Make application 7 or more days before normal harvest when Sunflower heads are fully mature. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use to facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads. When applying by ground, apply with a high clearance sprayer. Make application 7 or more days before normal harvest when Sunflower heads are fully mature. DO NOT apply later than 7 days before harvest. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage within 14 days of application.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use as desiccant on Wheat. DO NOT apply more than 3.2 qts. per acre. DO NOT harvest Wheat within 3 days of application.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide Storage: Storage should be under lock and key and secure from access by unauthorized persons and children. Storage should be in a cool, dry area away from any heat or ignition source. Do not stack plastic containers over 2 pallets high. Move containers by handles or cases. Do not move containers from one area to another unless they are securely sealed. Keep containers tightly sealed when not in use. Keep away from any puncture source. Avoid storage near water supplies, food, feed and fertilizer to avoid contamination. Store in original containers only. Unloading, storage and work areas must be as clean as possible to prevent contamination if spilled. If the contents are leaking or material is spilled, follow these steps:
1. Contain spill. Absorb with a material such as sawdust, clay granules or dirt.
2. Collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.
3. Wash area with soap and water to remove remaining pesticide.
4. Follow washing with clean water rinse.
5. Wash contaminated clothing immediately.
6. Do not allow runoff to enter sewer or contaminate water supplies.
7. Dispose of waste as indicated below:

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. (Continued)